

As far as I have been able to ascertain the present Charity School Buildings originally took shape in 1816, in other words about the same time as the Battle of Waterloo. It would appear that the existing School House had very much the same frontal elevation in those days, with two Class Rooms which were originally much the same size. Standing facing the front door of the School House, I am given to understand that the School Room for the Boys was that on the left hand side and the School Room for the Girls that on the right hand side. Unfortunately the older Minute Books of the Charity Trustees are not available, but there is a dramatic entry in the beginning of the Charity Trustees Minutes of 1842 which indicates that at a meeting of the Trustees of the Willoughby Charity held pursuant to due notice in the School on Monday December 5th 1842 -Mr. William Cleaver and his Wife, the School Master and Mistress - received notice to quit the School on 25th December". This was signed by 5 Trustees and it does strike one as a little uncharitable to ask people to quit the premises on Christmas Day.

The School seems to have carried on very much in this way until a meeting held on 23rd May 1887 when "The Vicar laid before the Trustees a Plan for the addition of an Infants School Room to the old Boys School Room in the same width by 15 foot long to be separated from the original School Room by folding doors With a porch at the back to cover the entrance doors to both rooms" and asked their consent to his carrying out this plan if he could manage to raise the requisite Funds (£70) - which was granted on the understanding that no help was to be expected from the Charity. He stated that the addition was much needed to enable the Master to supervise the Infants School as required by Her Majesty's Inspectors and also to give better accommodation for the Parish Meetings.

If one stands in front of the School Room this line of extension can be clearly seen to this day.

In the following meeting which was held in August 1887 the following passage appears:" The Vicar informed the Trustees with much pleasure that he had succeeded in raising the £70 required to carry out the addition to the School Room and laid the subscription list on the table together with the Plans and specifications prepared by Mr. J.Kelly of Dunchurch and resolved that the Trustees of the Willoughby Charity desired to record their sincere thanks to the President and Fellows of Magdalen College, Oxford for the liberal donation of £50 and to the other subscribers who had kindly contributed the remaining £20 required to build the new School Room for the Infants." The College order was then read which stated that their donation of £50 was conditional of the old Girls School Room - at present occupied by the Infants - being appropriated for the use of the Parish Reading Room. It was then resolved that the old Girls School Room which will no longer be needed for the Infants when the new Class Room has been built be henceforth appropriated rent free for the Parish Reading Room and a copy of this reservation signed by the Chairman be forwarded to the Bursar Magdalen College for thanks from the Trustees of the Willoughby Charity for the College's handsome donation.

The tender of Mr. Kelly to build the new School Room - according to Plan and Specification prepared by him for £70 - was accepted, the work to be carried out during the ensuing holidays - as agreed by him.

At the Meeting of the Trustees on 2nd February 1855 - the Vicar laid on the table a Statement of receipts and payments for the enlargement of the Willoughby School by the addition of the new Class Room - showing a balance of £1.1.6. Therefore, the cost

of this Class Room --now-under the care of-Mrs. Fred Mitchell and her Infants cost only £68.18.6. By way of comparison it is interesting to observe that the existing Lavatory Block constructed in 1953 cost £550, while the cost of the new kitchen for School Meals was considerably more - in fact nearly £1000.

It is clear, therefore, that the Rev. C.B. Dean, Vicar of Willoughby, was responsible in getting the girls class room released .as a Reading room in 1888, and continued to be used for this purpose as stipulated by the Bursar and Principal of Magdalen College until some date in the 1930's when the reading room Minutes come to an end. There seem to have been rather complicated negotiations between the Committee running the reading room and the Education Authorities - as a result of which Warwickshire County Council appear to have taken over the reading room without any decision from the reading room Committee and in defiance of the wishes of the Magdalen College authorities who lent certain monies for the purpose of the extension to the main Class room at Willoughby School on condition that the old reading room - now the Infants Room - was kept permanently as a reading room for the purpose of the Village and this question has never really been finally resolved to the satisfaction of the Committee concerned.

It is interesting to observe that the heating of the reading room was mainly by oil which was sold at 1/- a gallon and in one Minute somebody complained that they were paying excessively for paraffin and on March 11th 1930 - the cost at which paraffin was purchased was reduced from 1/- a gallon to 11d. This was supplied by F.M. Thompson & Sons - Bakers & Confectioners of Willoughby. A further comforting thought is that the Bill for one year's supply of coal and wood for heating the reading room was £3.9.0.

The reading room seems to have performed a usual function in the Village. There seems to have been regular negotiation for younger and younger admittance. The cost of membership appears to have been 3d a week, but for the younger ones the charge was 6d a week. Persons were allowed to use the room between 7 o'clock to 9.30 and Stewards were appointed to see that the furniture and equipment was protected. It is interesting ~ see that in each succeeding year the papers were specified and generally appeared to consist of The Daily Telegraph, The Daily Mirror and the Morning Leader. Mr. Goddard apparently continued a regular' offer to supply the Weekly Graphic. Mr. James Ellard seems to have been diligent in supplying copies of the Farmer & Stock Breeders Journal and Mr. W.Ellard - the Stamford Mercury. Mr. J.B. Johnson seems to have been interested in supporting a regular supply of cards at a shilling a pack - supply to be held available against future use and he also did help with cleaning the lamps and thoroughly overhauling them in October 1908

In 1919 there was an increase in subscriptions. Those over 16 years of age paying 1/6d those below 16.1/-. The Trustees in 1919 regarded seriously the running of the Willoughby School as a business proposition and there is rather an interesting mention in the Minutes of the Meeting on November 26th 1919 wherein the Vicar reported that some of the School children were very irregular in their attendance and it was resolved that children absent from school for more than a fortnight - except for illness - shall be struck off the Register and only readmitted on payment at' a Fine of 6d.

In the Minutes of the Trustees Meeting held on July 25th 1891 - held at 2.30 in the afternoon incidentally - the Trustees considered a report from H.M. Inspector which was most unfavourable as regards the teaching at the School and it was resolved that

Mr. Anderson be invited to leave, but there is an addition to the Minutes which reads as follows:-

"Resolved that in consideration of Mr. Anderson's Appeal to the Trustees signed by almost all the householders in the Parish - the Trustees agree to allow him to retain the Mastership of Willoughby Charity School until 31st June next but no longer under any circumstances and this has been done to give him an opportunity of leaving with a better report and of improving his affairs."

It is interesting to learn that even in May 1893 - the Trustees found themselves in trouble with the Authorities. In the minutes of that Meeting the Secretary read a letter from H.M. Inspector of Schools with special reference to structural alterations to the school room and it was resolved that the Vicar - Mr. Johnson - be requested to see that the following alterations be carried out by Mr. Kelly the Builder. Firstly 3 windows to be enlarged, secondly an outer door to the Porch be provided and thirdly new exit to the offices for Girls be constructed; in the fowl house in the Master's garden with a paved footway from the new entrance to these offices. Further the interior walls of the school rooms were to be lined with boarding up to the window sills and a paved footway to be made from the entrance gate to the porch. A new hearth stone to be provided in the Infants School room fireplace - and so on. It is interesting to record that during the last two years, we are still concerned With these paved pathways which reared their ugly head as far back as 1893.

The Half Yearly meeting in May 1995 was held at the Vicarage and on this occasion the following passage appears:- "It was proposed by the Vicar that a Committee of Managers of the School be appointed to consist of the Vicar - two Churchwardens, two parishioners who must be Church people and Parents of children at the School - in order that the Trustees should. pay over to them Funds necessary for carrying on the School - and this was carried unanimously.

This really was the basis of the Foundation Managers and this carried on until a few years ago when the Charity was reorganised and the School was handed over to the Educational Foundation Trustees.

In 1900 or thereabouts - the name of the Rev. Sitwell begins to appear - presumably this is the Sitwell family residing at Leamington Hastings -and which family continued to reside there until approximately 10 years ago - the Sitwell home at Manor House, Leamington Hastings is now in the occupancy of Mr. Pugh.

A meeting held at the Vicarage on Friday August 28th 1891 in which a letter was read from the Educational Department in Whitehall asking to be informed as soon as possible whether the Fee Grant of 10/- a head on the average attendance for the past year would be accepted by the Willoughby Charity School or not and the Trustees at this time decided to accept this grant as from 1st September following - whereupon the Vicar proposed - and it was agreed that the School Master would receive half of the Fee grant in lieu of the school pence formally received by him.

Mention of the School pence brings me to the Rules laid down in November 1843 for the running of the School. These had already been mentioned in an excellent talk given by Mr. George Hancock on the Charities but they are so beautifully written and they are so interesting that I had hoped you would forgive me for reading these again.

The meeting held at the Vicarage in August 1891 appears to have been concerned With a report from H.M. Inspector which was most unfavourable as to the teaching in the School and it was then resolved that Mr. Anderson be informed that the Trustees much regret that in the face of the Inspector's report and the stricter requirements of the Education Dept - they must and hereby do give him notice to leave his

appointment as School Master of the Willoughby Charity School in 3 months from September 1st next, and the Vicar was requested to apply to training Colleges to recommend a married Master who must be a Churchman able to play the harmonium on Church - or to take such further steps as may be necessary to secure a sufficiently good school master and mistress at the same salaries as now given.

In January 1903 - The Board of Education proposed the appointment of Foundation Managers under the Education Act and it was resolved that Trustees should consist of the Vicar and two Church Wardens and one other trustee - being member of the Church of England, be appointed Foundation Managers required by the Act in Place of the former Committee of 5 named in resolution 7 of the Charity Trustees meeting on May 26th 1895. Those appointed were the Rev. C.H. Dean - the Vicar Mr. F.R. Timms - Vicar's Church Warden Mr. F.J. Johnson - Parish Church Warden Mr. Ellard - one of the Trustees of the Charity and all being Members of the Church of England - they were to act as the Foundation Managers and this was carried unanimously.

In 1903 a meeting was held on May 26th when a new roof for the School Room was discussed at the same time a new porch was to be erected for the Girls Room and this work should be entrusted to Mr. T.D. Hoper of Rugby and Kilsby - who was asked to draw plans and specifications for these modifications and to make a Tender.

It seems that at this same meeting - for the first time a paid secretary for the Trustees and the School was appointed at £5 a year and this appointment was made nominating Mr. Holt - the New School Master - for the post.

It was also reported at this meeting that the Annual contribution from the Charity for the School was agreed with the County Council Board of Education at £62 a year. This was subsequently amended to ~£62.10.0 and in :May 1907 the Chairman informed the Meeting that he had paid to the County Treasurer - the Education Endowment for two years to December 31st 1909 amounting to £125 - which he hoped would be applied towards the payment of the Education rate for the Parish of Willoughby. No further reference to the School whatsoever is included in the Minutes of the Charities until 1928 when a report from the School Managers to the effect that they had been considering at their meeting in the evening the low:rental paid by the County Education Authority for the School House. They had decided with the approval of the Trustees to apply for the rent to be raised as the rent paid at £6 per annum was, in their opinion, quite inadequate, to meet the cost of repairs, rates, taxes and so forth and a request was made that this rent should be increased to £10.

From 1906, of course, the Management of the School has been invested in the School Managers - but unfortunately the previous Minute Book of the Managers has not been located and the only Minutes which we have commence in 1954.

In October 1941 the Management of the School came under the control of the Coventry Diocesan Education Committee who issued a Pamphlet at the request of the Lord Bishop of the Diocese setting out the duties of those responsible for Church Schools and the running of them and who have to share in the decisions as to the future status of any School. The Pamphlet set out in simple form the revisions of the Education Act 1944 and 1946 and provided two classes of schools under the control of the Authority. Willoughby School is a Controlled School - which means that the whole cost of running the school including future repairs falls on the local Education Authority. From the point of view of the Church - the Controlled School suffers by comparison with the aided School. The Controlled School however is a much better proposition than. a State School and there are many very real advantages - certain

schools have been replaced With a new school or a school built on a new. site in substitution of two or more former Church Schools.

There have been in the past few years certain vague references to a policy of rationalisation covering this area and including Willoughby, Grandborough and Flecknoe

Each of these three Schools have two teachers - a teaching force of 6 teachers for possibly 100 Scholars. This is quite obviously uneconomical and there seems reason to believe that at some time in the future these three school communities will be grouped at some central point - thus providing a modern school so that the total population could be handled by a smaller number of teachers. In view of the known National shortage of teachers - this must obviously be sound business. Whether the combined school will be situated in Willoughby or at some other point is, of course, anybody's guess but it does exercise the attention of the Managers each time when the question raises it's head.

It will be apparent, of course, to all of us that with a larger number of pupils the County would be able to provide more extensive and expensive equipment for the benefit of the larger school community.

Under the provision of the Education Act 19A4 it is required that the School Day begins with collective Worship on the part of all the Pupils in attendance at the School and all the pupils must be assembled for this - unless in the opinion of the Managers the School premises are such that makes this impracticable. If the Parent of any pupil in attendance at the School requests that the pupil be excused from attendance at worship in the School - then until the practice is withdrawn - the pupil should be excused from such attendance.

The Foundation Managers moreover are responsible for making arrangements to see that this Religious Instruction is carried out regularly and all Religious Instruction Within accordance of the agreed syllabus-or in accordance with the Trust Deed relating to the School - must be given on the School premises •

It is laid down that every voluntary school must have an instrument of Management made by order of the Minister of Education. This instrument lays down the constitutions of the Board of Managers and the method of their appointment, the minimum number of Managers is 6 and the quorum of the Managers shall not be less than 3 - or 1/3 of the whole number of Managers, whichever is the greater. Every question to be determined at a meeting of the Managers shall be determined by a majority of votes of the Managers then present and voting on the question and Where there is an equal division of votes the Chairman of the Meeting shall have a second or casting vote. Meetings are held at least once every three months and the dates of the Willoughby School Managers is usually determined by the date fixed by the Grandborough School Managers. It will be appreciated of course that there are certain external representatives including a representative of the Rugby Divisional Executive - Warwickshire County Council Education Authority and also a representative from the Warwickshire County Council.

It has been a practise for some years to hold the Grandborough and Willoughby meetings on the same night - so that these two gentlemen can move from the one meeting to the other and so economise in their time. At each and every one of these meetings the Report from the Head Teacher is essential. It is also provided that in the case of emergency a meeting of the Managers may be convened by any two of there three number but normally the convening of the meetings is in the hands of the Correspondent, in consultation, of course, with the Chairman.

The Minutes of the proceedings of the Managers should be kept in a book provided for the purpose and this is open to inspection by the local Education Authority.

A Foundation Manager is of course a Manager appointed otherwise than by the Education Authority whose purpose is of course to secure as far as practical that the Character of the school and voluntary school is preserved and developed and in particular that the School is conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Trust Deed relating thereto. A Manager appointed by the local Education Authority may of course be approved by that Authority and the Managers are expected to make arrangements for certain of their Members to visit the School periodically so that they are kept in touch With the everyday life of the school and the state of the School premises. I always regard these occasional visits which I pay to our School as a delightful occasion and there can be no doubt that the atmosphere in the Willoughby School is a very pleasant one - to which I would like to pay tribute.

In the case of the Willoughby School there are two Foundation Managers - two from the local Education Authority and two from the minor authority - which in this instance is the Church. The Foundation Managers alone are responsible for all matters relating to the giving of denominational instructions in accordance with the Trust Deed.

The Education Act of 1944 lays down that every voluntary school shall be conducted in accordance with the Rules of Management made by the order of the Local Education Authority. If there is a vacancy for a head Teacher, the Vacant post must be advertised by the Local Education Authority and a short list drawn up - from the applications, in consultation with the Managers~ The candidate will be interviewed by the appropriate sub-Committee of the local Education Authority which recommend one person for appointment. The Managers are entitled to be present at the interview but not to vote.

The local Education Authority must inform the Managers as to the person they propose to appoint and must consider any representations made by the Managers with respect to the appointment. The Head Teacher must not - while holding that appointment - be a reserve teacher - but if she was a reserve Teacher prior to this appointment of Head Teacher she may if she wishes continue to give denominational instruction to those pupils whose Parents have requested it.

At the Willoughby School there is of course a head Teacher and one full time teacher and one person who is responsible for looking after the very young. There is of course a non- teaching staff consisting of a Care taker and also kitchen staff.

Appointment and dismissal of all members of the non-teaching staff is in the hands of local Authority, when a vacancy occurs the Managers inform the local Authority, The Managers usually interview candidates for such appointments in company with one representative from the Education Authority. The actual appointment is of course made by the Managers but it will be subject to confirmation by the local Education Authority. Managers may suspend of course for unsatisfactory conduct - any member of the non-teaching staff pending enquiry and may recommend their dismissal.

In the case of the Willoughby School, of course, all maintenance expenses are borne by the local Education Authority and the same applies to the cost of any alterations to the premises of the existing School. The local Education Authority must convey their interest in any addition to the site and in any buildings thereon which are to form part of the School premises - to the Trustees of the School to be held in Trust. Should it be decided in the future that the Willoughby School is unsuitable or incapable of enlargement to take the needs of the Village and if the school had to be transferred to

a new site - the whole cost of the site and the necessary buildings is borne by the local Education Authority and the site and all buildings thereon will be conveyed to the Willoughby Trustees. It should be remembered, however that the site of the playing fields - which may be provided such a new building and all buildings thereon remain the property of the local Education Authority and consequently these would not be conveyed to the Trustees.

In the event of a new School being built at any time in the future and the old site is sold - The Minister of Education will determine what proportion of the sales proceed shall be paid to the local Education Authority.

If the premises are never sold - the local Education Authority are not entitled to any payment.

Neither the Minister nor the local Education Authority have any interest in the Teacher's dwelling house - this is a matter which concerns only the trustees.

In the case of the Willoughby School the Teacher(s) house is owned by the Willoughby Education Foundation and is supposed to be one of their Assets - in point of fact the Trustees of the Foundation have expended so much in modernising and the provision of a new bathroom and toilet and also in keeping the outside of the building in repair that their outgoings in recent years have far exceeded the nominal rent arising there from.

As required under the Education Acts 1944 and 1946 an Instrument of Management No.1139 was given under the Official Seal of the Ministry of Information on 22nd December 1953 setting out the terms under which the Managers were required to govern 7 schools which were as follows:-

Burton Hastings - Church of England School

Church Lawford School

Harbury Church of England School

Long Itohington School

Meiden Church of England School

Ullenhall Church of England School

Willoughby Charity Church of England Junior and Infants School

The Coventry Diocesan Education Committee issued an interesting Booklet on the duties of the Managers.

The first meeting of the newly constituted Board of Managers, however, did not take place until 3rd May 1954 and was attended by Mr. Bishop - The Divisional Educational Officer - the Rev. H. Hill - ex officio Foundation Manager - Mr. S.J Ivens Foundation Manager appointed by the Coventry Diocesan Education Committee, Mr. F.W. Hancock appointed by Willoughby Parish Council and Mrs. S. G. Ivens also representing the Parish Council, Mr. Dearn appointed by the local Education Authority, County Aldrm. Atkinson - the other representative of the local Education Authority was not present on this occasion. Mr. Bishop on behalf of the Education Authority explained each clause in the new Instrument and from that time on it seems to have worked very smoothly.

In reading through the Minutes of this meeting I observe that the Managers are empowered to grant other Holidays than those fixed by the Education Authority and these special holidays are allowed for specific purposes such as a Day's holiday for an organised School Outing. This mustn't be evoked more than 4 days in anyone year.

It was actually at this first meeting that the advantages of the School Meals Service was first raised. It was not, however, until the Spring of 1960 that these additional facilities were provided.

In 1955 it was reported that after circulating all the Parents in the village the position was that only' meals for 2 children in the village were required. At the present time an average of 21 school meals per day are being served.

In 1955 the Willoughby Charities offered the school a plot of land fronting on Main Street between Mr. Dodds bake house and the Rose Inn - which I understand was originally the site of some hovels which had been demolished. It was used as a vegetable garden for some years and in '55 the Willoughby Charities offered this site to the Education Authority and early in 1956 this plot was purchased to give additional playing facilities for the school children.

The School has always been fortunate in having been sited so close to the Infants Playing Field which was provided due to the forethought and efforts of a number of far sighted village residents in recent years. It has had the effect of preserving an open space in front of the school and of course the children have enjoyed the benefits of this playing field for many years and I am sure that the Parish Council and Trustees of this field welcome such sporting activities as are held there from time to time.

Towards the end of 1960 the Divisional Education Officer touched on the possibility of a combined school serving Grandborough and Flecknoe in addition at some foreseeable time in the future and on 4th February '61 - the School Managers of the Willoughby School met and put forward the following recommendations for the consideration of the County Authority:- "Certain advantages would arise for the scholars of Willoughby, Grandborough ,and Flecknoe if one Central School could visualised catering for 67 scholars at present attending these three schools."

As a result of general discussion the following comment was offered:-

- (1) The buildings in which these 3 schools are housed are far from modern and re-housing in a more modern setting would be advantageous and in any case cannot be long deferred.
- (2) A modern central school to accommodate up to 100 scholars should be visualised to accommodate the pupils at present attending at Willoughby, Grandborough and Flecknoe Schools.
- (3) Such a school would be an economical proposition from the point of view of the Educational Authorities because it would enable the 67 scholars to enjoy better Educational facilities With a Staff of three teachers compared With the present position where 67 pupils are absorbing the services of 6 teachers.
- (4) The County Authorities would be in a position to supply better equipment at one school which would accommodate 65 to 100 pupils than would be the case in the three smaller schools.
- (5) Attention is drawn to the Warwickshire County Council to install water borne sanitation in all schools under their Control in none of the 3 schools under consideration at this time has this been achieved.
- (6) With the installation of a sewage Disposal Scheme in Willoughby it is felt that Willoughby is now in a position to offer facilities as recommended as the best site for the proposed new school. The distance to Grandborough is at miles and to Flecknoe 4 miles.



- (7) With the completion of the sewer at Willoughby there is reason to believe that there will be a tendency for the village to grow and therefore the number of pupils schooling in Willoughby itself will tend to increase rather than decrease.
- (8) Several suitable sites for such a new school were suggested at this meeting which would be convenient for access to the Sewer.
- (9) With the possible conversion of Barby Camp for the purpose of a Borstal Institution - the requirements of Educational facilities for children of the Borstal Staff was also mentioned..
- (10) It is realised that the saving in salaries of 3 teachers will be offset by the Transport charges in conveying scholars from Flecknoe and Grandborough to the proposed central school at Willoughby. On the other hand there are plenty of buses and teachers in short supply. This scheme would have the effect of releasing 3 teachers for service elsewhere.

Beyond acknowledgement - no particular notice was taken of these recommendations but it is interesting to be able to say that this matter was again mentioned at a recent meeting of the School Managers and therefore the possibility of something happening as a result of these deliberations should not be completely ignored. If such a school was visualised on a site other than the site occupied by Willoughby School it would raise certain difficulties since certain of the property belongs to the Education Authorities and certain property remains with the Willoughby Charity Trustees.

The notes issued by the Coventry Diocesan Education Committee point out that if any site and buildings of what has hitherto been a school held under a Trustee or similar instrument is sold - the proceeds of the sale must be treated as an Educational endowment employed in a way to most nearly fulfil the intentions of the Donor.

The Minister of Education and the local Education Authority have no interest whatsoever in the Teachers Dwelling House or in any monies which may accrue from the sale thereof. Such cash realised would be the property of the Willoughby Charity Trustees.

When a school is discontinued the Act does not require the sale of the old Site but since the old site and buildings were provided for the purpose of Education the premises must either be sold and such monies as become available used for Education purposes or else the premises may be retained for predominantly Educational purposes under a scheme approved by the Minister - they cannot it seems be retained for purely parochial purposes.

If the old site is sold the Minister would determine what proportion of the sale proceeds must be paid to the local Education Authority in respect of the new site which they will by then have provided for the School which is to replace the disused school. If, however the old school is to be discontinued and no school on another site is to be provided to accommodate the children who previously attended the old school, the local Education Authority has no interests in the proceeds of the sale of the old premises. Even in this case, however, the old premises and site will have to be sold unless it can be shown that the property will be used for Educational purposes.

Under the Education Act of 1944 the Minister has power to make schemes under the Endowed Schools Act directing the use of any endowment for the purpose of including provision of Religious Instruction for the pupils in attendance of the voluntary school in accordance with the tenets of a particular religious denomination - in order to enable that denomination to participate for effectively in the administration

of the statutory system of public education. Amongst other things - this means that the Minister of Education has power to make schemes to divert endowments from schools which have been closed or where the endowments are greatly in excess of the needs of that school. The Minister also has power to make schemes for the use of money which becomes available from the sale of old schools. Money obtained from the sale of old schools may be directed towards the cost of providing aided schools elsewhere - such proceeds must be used for Educational purposes and such proceeds cannot be used solely for Parochial purposes. Where the present value of an old school on the market is greatly in excess of the original cost of the school and where it can be shown that smaller premises can be erected for use of the existing Educational needs - some part of such proceeds might be diverted elsewhere.

The Foundation Managers are entitled to determine the use to which school premises or any part of the school premises may be put on a Sunday and the Managers are entitled to determine to what use the premises should be given on Saturdays - provided they are not required by the local Education Authority for Educational purposes or for any purpose connected With the welfare of the young. The use of the School premises on all other days in the week are exclusively determined by the local Education Authority.

I have been fortunate in locating the Log Book relating to the Willoughby School covering the dates 1915 - 34. This will be available for members of the Willoughby Society to inspect after the meeting. It is a great pity that other Log Books have apparently been lost but I will give you a few extracts from this most interesting document.